

# Proposal discussion from Risk Classes to UBI

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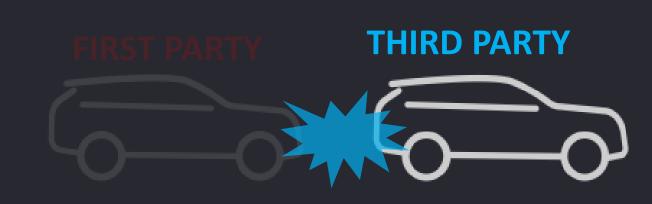
#### RISK KPIs IN ITALY

#### 1. Risk Classes

- "after event" approach
- over 80% of customers in Class 1 (the cheapest)



- "Prevention" approach"
- complexity of devices management
- legal boundaries with special focus on GDPR implications
- customer reluctance to abandon the risk class achieved



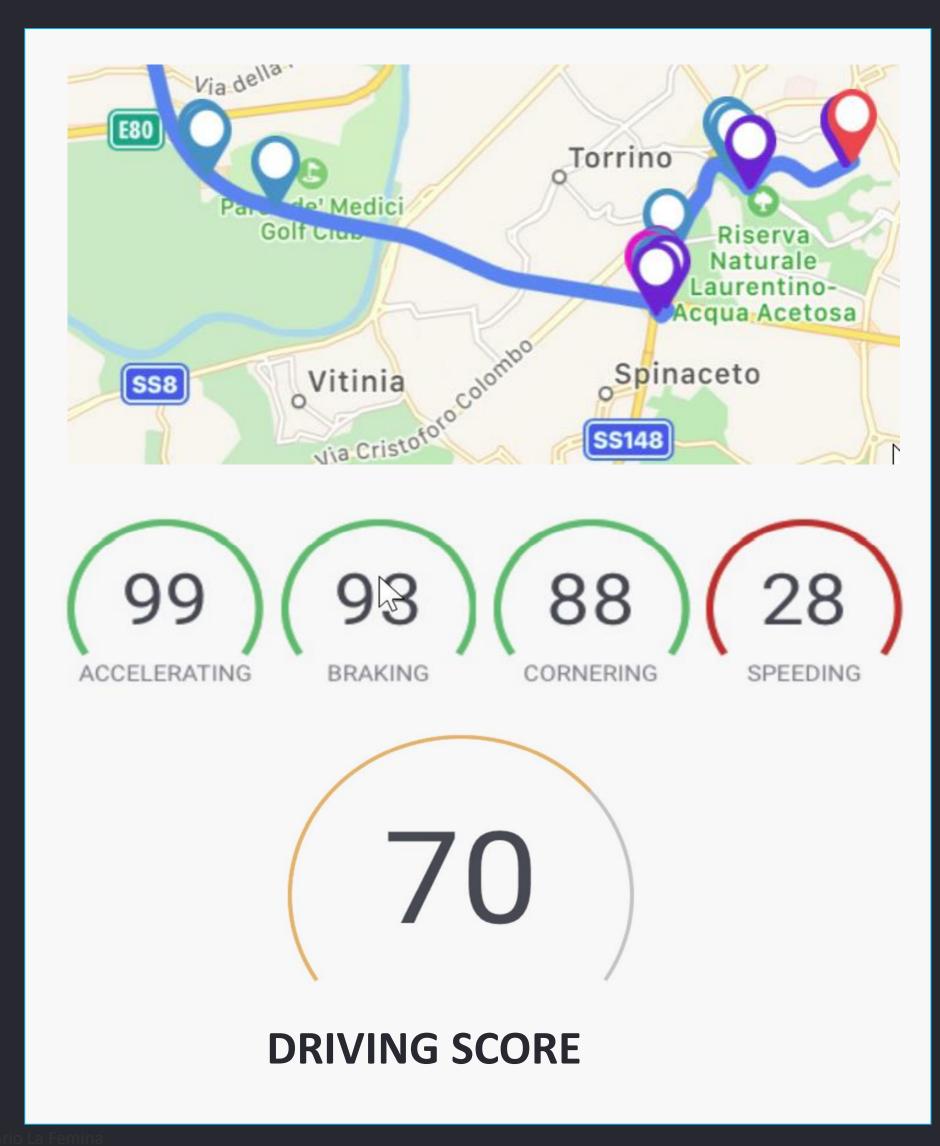
Based on third parties involvement in crashes



Based on customer's driving behaviour



## USAGE BASED INSURANCE (UBI)



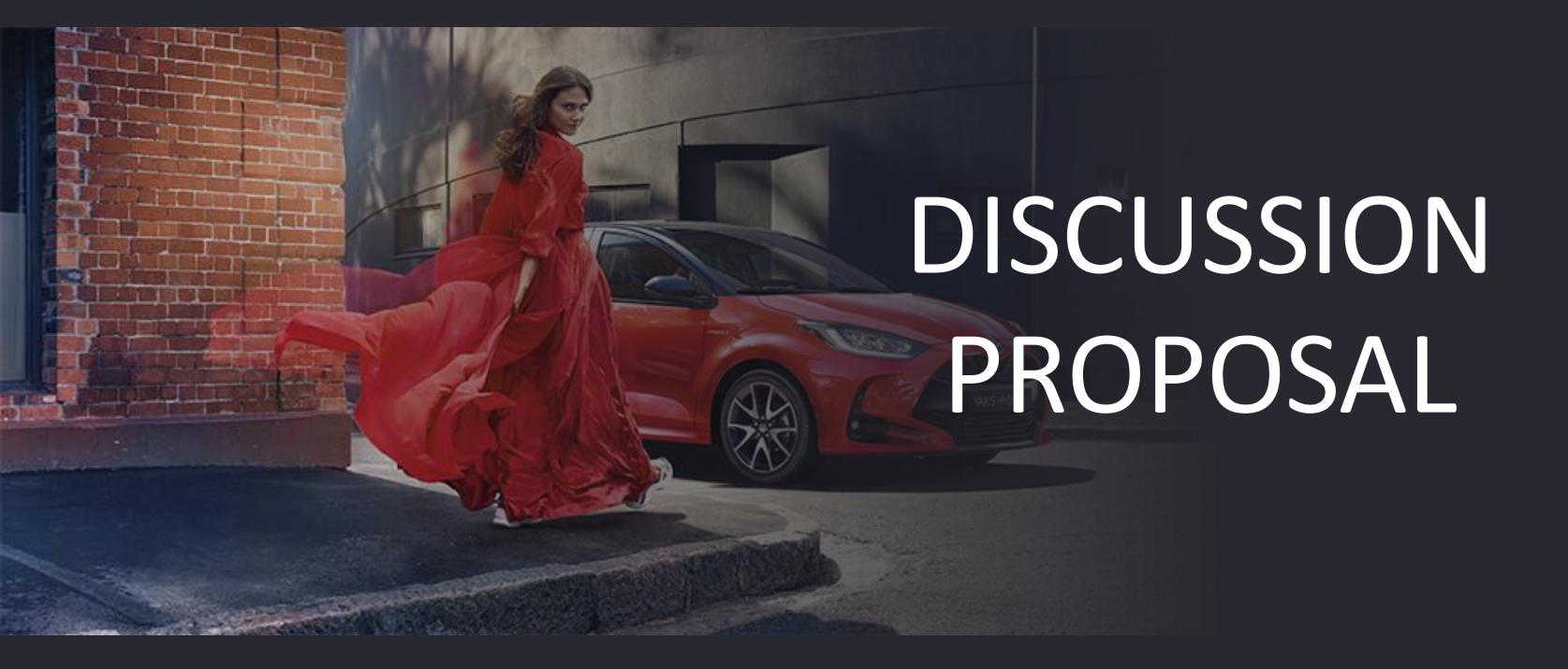
# UBI

Driving data are constantly collected from a connected car:

- ACCELERATING
- BRAKING
- CORNERING
- SPEEDING

Data are turned into a **DRIVING SCORE** by an algorithm







## DISCUSSION PROPOSAL 1/3

• UBI scoring to work together with the risk class system – pilot phase, 3/5 years example: no class increase in case of accidents if UBI is 80% (or higher)



- UBI bonus/malus based on driving points and civil sanctions examples:
  - 2 points on driving license if UBI is lower than 60% (in one year) independently of negative events in the period
  - heavier sanctions, like longer periods (es: +3 months) without driving license, if UBI is lower than 60%,
- UBI scoring to replace the risk class system after 3/5 years



# DISCUSSION PROPOSAL 2/3

#### Options to overcome data sharing and device portability issues:

- Insurance companies to issue a yearly "attestato di rischio" containing only the customer UBI score of the year
- Each insurance company to manage their own UBI scoring and data storing
- Set up of an official "Master UBI scoring" to be developed by an independent provider
- "Master UBI scoring" to be owned by IVASS
- Insurance companies scoring to be certified by an Official Institute before market introduction
- Insurance companies scoring must be correlated with the UBI Master (es: correlation 70%)



# DISCUSSION PROPOSAL 3/3

#### How it could work. Example:

- At the end of Year 1, Mr Customer receives by his Insurance Company X his "attestato di rischio" containing his driving score (example: 78)
- At the end of Year 1, Mr Customer decides to move from Company X to Company Y.
- Company Y can quote Mr Customer on the basis of Company X UBI scoring, because it's a certified scoring
- Mr Customer can move from Company X to Company Y without the need to transfer data from X to Y
- At the end of Year 1, if the "attestato di rischio" score is lower than a legal level (example 60), Company X sends the score to the Authorities.
  - Authorities apply sanctions to customer (example -2 points on driving license)







# THANKYOU

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