Experience ratings in insurance markets: theory and evidence Discussion on the Paper «Bonus-Malus systems with Weibull distributed claims severity»

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MAIN CONTRIBUTION OF THE PAPER - 1

of 2

ALLOWANCE OF THE CLAIMS COST

With the exception of very few countries, almost all Bonus/Malus systems (BMS) in force throughout the world penalize the number of reported claims, without taking costs of such claims into account

PROS With the generical applied BMS, a small material accident causes the same premium increase as a serious bodily injury event

- 1. It has, therefore, been particularly appreciated the effort put by the Authors to develop an approach that combines the claims frequency with the claims severity
- 2. Particularly, the claims severity on an <u>accumulated</u> basis



MAIN CONTRIBUTION OF THE PAPER - 2 of 2

DIMINISH THE BONUS HUNGER

In order to achieve a premium discount in the following year, the insureds may not report some small claims and pay the costs themselves

PROS <

Some claims will be missing in the claims history of the policyholder which will reduce the level of information for the pricing of the risks

The BMS adopting the Weibull severities:

- 1. Provides a lower entrance premium level
- 2. Punishes more for fewer large-sized claims

The Authors encourage to offer a mild treatment to policyholders with many small claims, discouraging the «hunger for bonus»



OPEN ISSUE OF THE PAPER - 1 of 4 ALLOWANCE OF THE CLAIMS COST

1. Length in the definition of the claims cost: particularly in presence of bodily injury claims (not necessarily a large claim), it can take a very long time before the exact estimation of the damage is assessed. It can become rather complicated to determine the malus level without the exact definition of the loss (considering that a first assessment of the losses is often unreliable).

2. Tracking the claims cost history: if the insured decides to change company it might be slightly more complicated to exchange information between companies regarding the amount of the claims, in order to obtain an "accumulated" value of the loss.

3. Define ex-ante the level of penalization in case of an accident: it is difficult for an insured to know "a priori" the degree of malus since the final premium is function of a continuous variable (i.e. the amount of accumulated claims cost)



OPEN ISSUE OF THE PAPER - 2

TOO STRONG PENALIZATION IN CASE OF

CLAIMS

Optimal net premiums with Weibull severities and total claim cost equal to 7.500£

	Number of claims						
Year (t)	0	1	2	3	4	5	
0	359,6			n.a.			
1	265,6	2.624,6	3.082,1	3.022,9	2.856,7	2.704,7	
2	210,5	2.080,6	2.443,3	2.396,4	2.264,7	2.144,2	
3	174,4	1.723,4	2.023,9	1.985,0	1.875,9	1.776,1	
4	148,8	1.470,9	1.727,3	1.694,2	1.601,0	1.515,8	
5	129,8	1.282,9	1.506,6	1.477,7	1.396,4	1.322,1	

t=0 premium = 359,6£ t=1 and 1 claim of 7.500£ premium = 2.624,6£ Premium increases of more than 7 times

Optimal net premiums with Weibull severities and total claim cost equal to 10.000£ Number of claims

Year (t)	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	359,6			n.a.		
1	265,6	3.030,6	3.735,4	3.802,0	3.677,7	3.528,7
2	210,5	2.402,5	2.961,3	3.014,0	2.915,5	2.797,4
3	174,4	1.990,1	2.452,9	2.496,6	2.415,0	2.317,1
4	148,8	1.698,5	2.093,5	2.130,8	2.061,1	1.977,6
5	129,8	1.481,4	1.826,0	1.858,5	1.797,7	1.724,9

t=2 and 1 claim of 2.500£ (accumulated loss: 2 claims of 10.000£)

premium = 2.961,3£

Premium increases of ≈ 13%



OPEN ISSUE OF THE PAPER - 3

TOO STRONG PENALIZATION IN CASE OF

Optimal net premiums with Weibull severities and total claim cost equal to 10.000£	•

-					•	
			Number of	claims		
Year (t)	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	359,6			n.a.		
1	265,6	3.030,6	3.735,4	3.802,0	3.677,7	3.528,7
2	210,5	2.402,5	2.961,3	3.014,0	2.915,5	2.797,4
3	174,4	1.990,1	2.452,9	2.496,6	2.415,0	2.317,1
4	148,8	1.698,5	2.093,5	2.130,8	2.061,1	1.977,6
5	129,8	1.481,4	1.826,0	1.858,5	1.797,7	1.724,9

After 3 years with no other claims (t=5 and accumulated loss: 2 claims of $10.000\pounds$)

premium = $1.826,0\pounds$ Premium decreases of $\approx -40\%$

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- In absolute terms, in 6 years with a total claims cost of 10.000£, the insured will end up in paying \approx 12.500£. A too strong penalization might on the contrary enforce the bonus hunger
- On the other hand, a very rapid discount is obtained when no claims occur: in 6 years with no claims, the premiums reduces of almost 65% (from 359,6£ to 129,8£)
- In our experience, an higher degree of subsidies between insureds (with and without malus) will be beneficial for the sustainment of the MTPL insurance coverage

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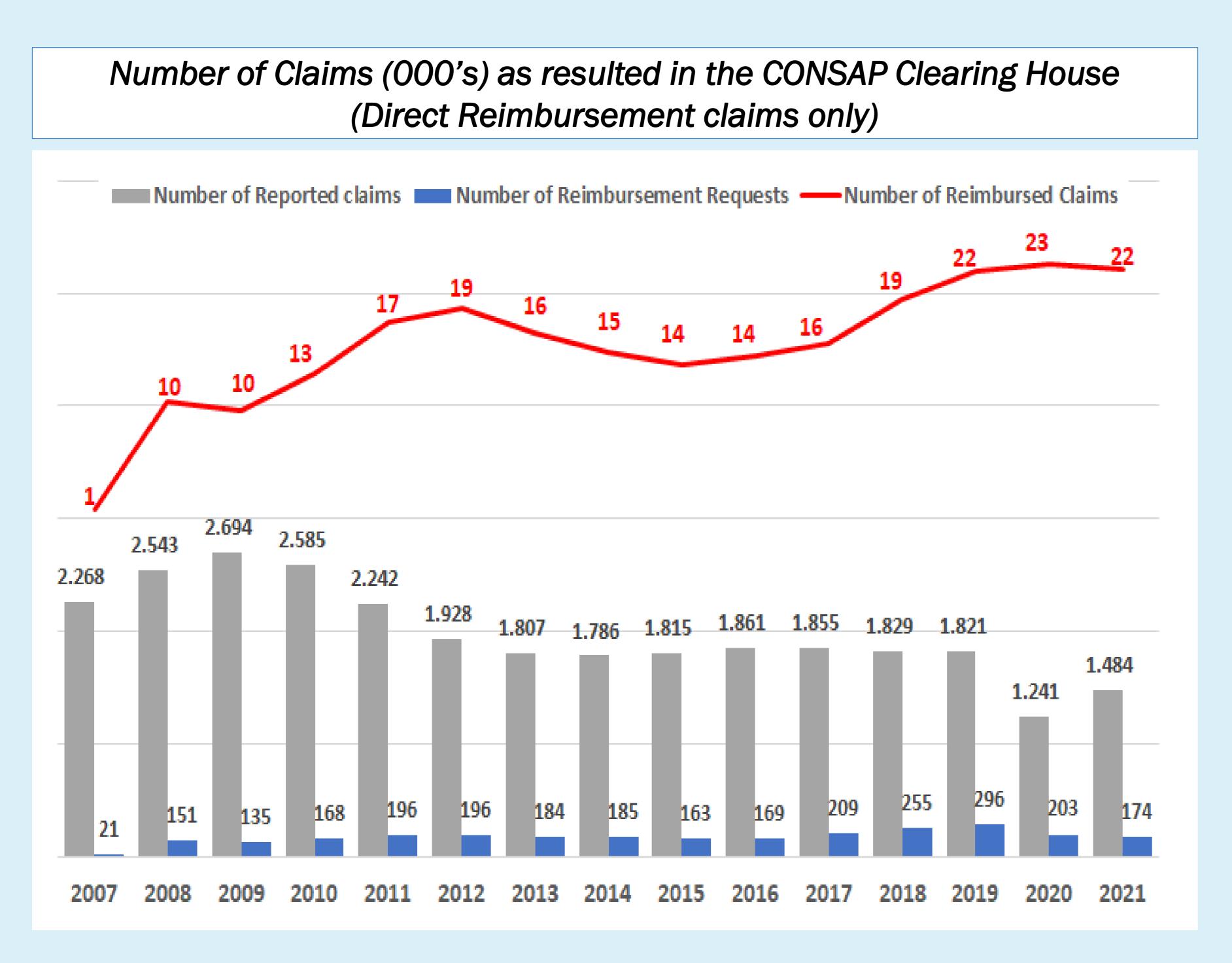
THE SOLUTION FOR THE BONUS HUNGER

Optimal net premiums with Weibull severities and total claim cost equal to 7.500£						
Number of claims						
Year (t)	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	359,6			n.a.		
1	265,6	2.624,6	3.082,1	3.022,9	2.856,7	2.704,7
2	210,5	2.080,6	2.443,3	2.396,4	2.264,7	2.144,2
3	174,4	1.723,4	2.023,9	1.985,0	1.875,9	1.776,1
4	148,8	1.470,9	1.727,3	1.694,2	1.601,0	1.515,8
5	129,8	1.282,9	1.506,6	1.477,7	1.396,4	1.322,1

- The striking numerical results shows that for example 5 small property damages happened in year 1 that costs in total 7.500£, is very similar — in terms of premium paid — to a 1 medium bodily injury that again costs 7.500£...
- ...but the approach under a fixed total claims cost that establish that the premium function is not strictly increasing with the number of claims is a bit "unrealistic" since the total claims cost - on an accumulated basis - can not remain fixed when the number of claims increases, particularly when time t is moving

THE BONUS HUNGER PROBLEM

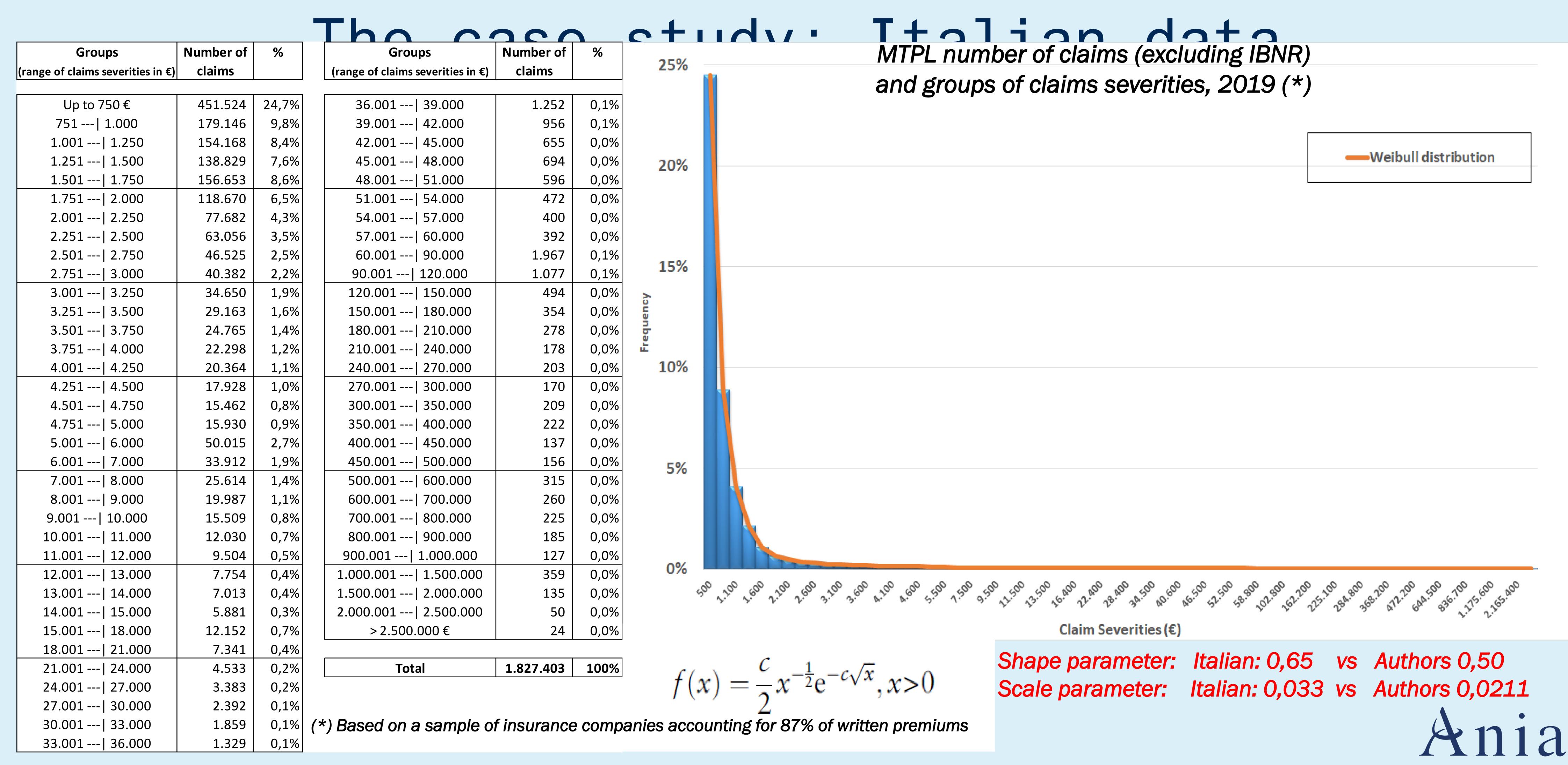
For any MTPL market is generally more important in terms of bonus hunger the first accident, since it is quite rare to have more than 1 claim in the same year



Caused	Num. of	% Distr. of	Number of	% Distr. of
MTPL claims	Vehicles	Vehicles	claims	Claims
0	30.439.130	96,9%		
1	932.093	3,0%	932.093	91,3%
2	37.990	0,1%	75.980	7,4%
3	3.030	0,0%	9.090	0,9%
4	545	0,0%	2.180	0,2%
5	161	0,0%	805	0,1%
> 5	76	0,0%	515	0,1%
Total	31.413.025	100,0%	1.020.663	100,0%



THE GOODNESS OF WEIBULL FOR THE CLAIMS SEVERITY



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